



COMPLETING THE SEQUIVALENT EXPRESSIONS	Ref: G243.351		
A1 Express $x^2 - 2x$	A2 Express $x^2 + 14x$	A3 Express $x^2 + 5x$	A4 Express $x^2 - 13x$
in the form $(x + a)^2 + b$	in the form $(x + h)^2 + k$	in the form $(x + m)^2 + n$	in the form $(x + p)^2 + q$
B1 Express $x^2 + 18x$	B2 Express $x^2 + 21x$	B3 Express $x^2 + 10x$	B4 Express $x^2 - x$
in the form $(x + p)^2 + q$	in the form $(x + m)^2 + n$	in the form $(x + h)^2 + k$	in the form $(x + a)^2 + b$
C1 Express $x^2 - 4x + 20$	C2 Express $x^2 - 3x - 10$	C3 Express $x^2 + 14x + 6$	C4 Express $x^2 + 9x + 8$
in the form $(x + h)^2 + k$	in the form $(x + p)^2 + q$	in the form $(x + a)^2 + b$	in the form $(x + m)^2 + n$
D1 Express $3x^2 + 12x$	D2 Express $5x^2 + 10x + 20$	D3 Express $2x^2 - 6x + 5$	D4 Express $2x^2 + 9x - 3$
in the form $a(x + b)^2 + c$	in the form $a(x + b)^2 + c$	in the form $a(x + b)^2 + c$	in the form $a(x + b)^2 + c$





COMPLETING THE SQUARE NO CALCULATOR Ref: G243. 3S1					
A1 Express $x^2 - 2x$ in the form $(x + a)^2 + b$ $x^2 - 2x = (x - 1)^2 - 1^2$ $= (x - 1)^2 - 1$	A2 Express $x^2 + 14x$ in the form $(x + h)^2 + k$ $x^2 + 14x = (x + 7)^2 - 7^2$ $= (x + 7)^2 - 49$	A3 $x^{2} + 5x = \left(x + \frac{5}{2}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^{2}$ $= \left(x + \frac{5}{2}\right)^{2} - \frac{25}{4}$	A4 $x^{2} - 13x = \left(x - \frac{13}{2}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{13}{2}\right)^{2}$ $= \left(x - \frac{13}{2}\right)^{2} - \frac{169}{4}$		
B1 Express $x^2 + 18x$ in the form $(x + p)^2 + q$ $x^2 + 18x = (x + 9)^2 - 9^2$ $= (x + 9)^2 - 81$	B2 $x^{2} + 21x = \left(x + \frac{21}{2}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{21}{2}\right)^{2}$ $= \left(x + \frac{21}{2}\right)^{2} - \frac{441}{4}$	B3 Express $x^2 + 10x$ in the form $(x + h)^2 + k$ $x^2 + 10x = (x + 5)^2 - 5^2$ $= (x + 5)^2 - 25$	B4 $x^{2} - x = \left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}$ $= \left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right)^{2} - \frac{1}{4}$		
C1 Express $x^2 - 4x + 20$ in the form $(x + h)^2 + k$ $x^2 - 4x + 20 = (x - 2)^2 - 2^2 + 20$ $= (x - 2)^2 + 16$	C2 $x^{2} - 3x - 10 = \left(x - \frac{3}{2}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2} - 10$ $= \left(x - \frac{3}{2}\right)^{2} - \frac{49}{4}$	C3 Express $x^2 + 14x + 6$ in the form $(x + a)^2 + b$ $x^2 + 14x + 6 = (x + 7)^2 - 7^2 + 6$ $= (x + 7)^2 - 43$	C4 $x^{2} + 9x + 8 = \left(x + \frac{9}{2}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{9}{2}\right)^{2} + 8$ $= \left(x + \frac{9}{2}\right)^{2} - \frac{49}{4}$		
D1 Express $3x^2 + 12x$ in the form $a(x + b)^2 + c$ $3[x^2 + 4x] = 3[(x + 2)^2 - 2^2]$ $= 3(x + 2)^2 - 12$	D2 Express $5x^2 + 10x + 20$ in the form $a(x + b)^2 + c$ $5[x^2 + 2x] + 20 = 5[(x + 1)^2 - 1^2] + 20$ $= 5(x + 1)^2 - 5 + 20$ $= 5(x + 1)^2 + 15$	$2[x^{2}-3x]+5 = 2\left[\left(x-\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2}-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2}\right]+5$ $= 2\left[\left(x-\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2}-\frac{9}{4}\right]+5$ $= 2\left(x-\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2}+\frac{1}{2}$	$2\left[x^{2} + \frac{9}{2}x\right] - 3 = 2\left[\left(x + \frac{9}{4}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^{2}\right] - 3$ $= 2\left[\left(x + \frac{9}{4}\right)^{2} - \frac{81}{16}\right] - 3$ $= 2\left(x + \frac{9}{4}\right)^{2} - \frac{105}{8}$		

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