

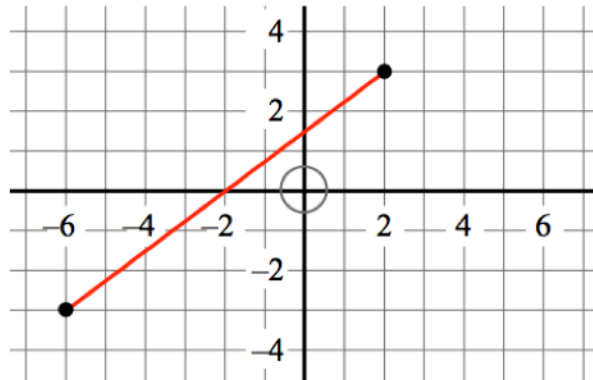


LINE SEGMENTS

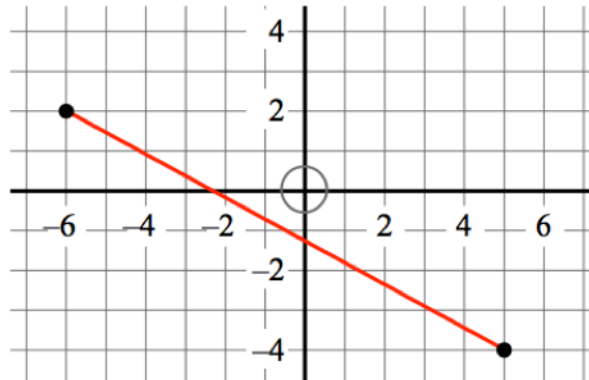
MID-POINTS

Ref: G2B1. **5E1**

A1 Find the coordinates of the midpoint of the line:



A2 Find the coordinates of the midpoint of the line:



A3 Point A has coordinates $(-3, 1)$ and point B has coordinates $(9, -5)$
Find the midpoint of AB .

B1 The midpoint of CD is $(-3, 3)$
Point D has coordinates $(4, 9)$
Find the coordinates of point C .

B2 Point P has coordinates $(1, 6)$
point Q has coordinates $(7, 3)$
point R has coordinates $(13, 13)$
 M is the midpoint of PQ
 N is the midpoint of PR
Find the midpoint of MN .

B3 EF is a straight line.
Point E has coordinates $(2, 2)$
Point F has coordinates $(14, 11)$
 X is the point on EF such that $EX:XF = 2:1$
Find the coordinates of point X .

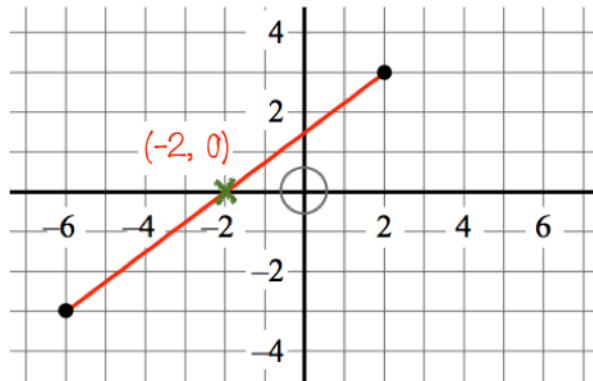


LINE SEGMENTS MID-POINTS

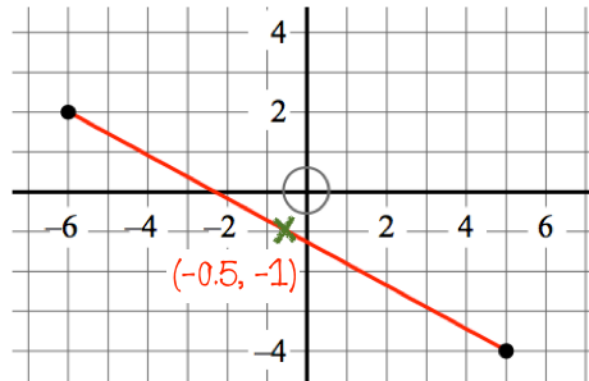
Note that there are several different methods that can be used to get the midpoint - I choose different methods for different types of question.

Ref: G2B1. **5E1**

A1 Find the coordinates of the midpoint of the line:



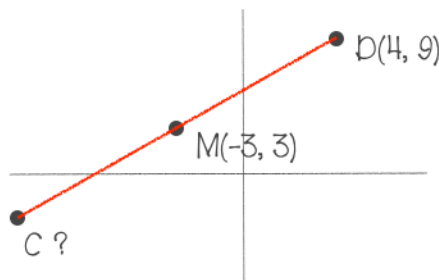
A2 Find the coordinates of the midpoint of the line:



A3 Point A has coordinates $(-3, 1)$ and point B has coordinates $(9, -5)$
Find the midpoint of AB .

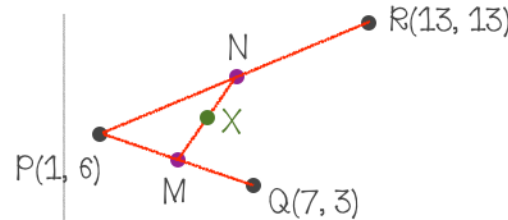
$$\left(\frac{-3+9}{2}, \frac{1+(-5)}{2} \right) = \underline{\underline{(3, -2)}}$$

B1 The midpoint of CD is $(-3, 3)$
Point D has coordinates $(4, 9)$
Find the coordinates of point C .



C is point $(-3-7, 3-6) = \underline{\underline{(-10, -3)}}$

B2 Point P has coordinates $(1, 6)$
point Q has coordinates $(7, 3)$
point R has coordinates $(13, 13)$
 M is the midpoint of PQ
 N is the midpoint of PR
Find the midpoint of MN .



$N = (7, 9.5), M = (4, 4.5),$ so $X = \underline{\underline{(5.5, 7)}}$

B3 EF is a straight line.
Point E has coordinates $(2, 2)$
Point F has coordinates $(14, 11)$
 X is the point on EF such that $EX:XF = 2:1$
Find the coordinates of point X .

