



## POLYGONS

### INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR ANGLES

Ref: G424. **5R1**

<b>A1</b> Write down a formula that allows you to calculate the size of an exterior angle ( $E$ ) of a regular polygon with $n$ sides.	<b>A2</b> Write down a formula that relates the size of an exterior angle ( $E$ ) and the size of an interior angle ( $I$ ) of a polygon.	<b>A3</b> Write down a formula that allows you to calculate the sum ( $S$ ) of the interior angles in a regular polygon with $n$ sides.	<b>A4</b> Work out the size of an exterior angle of a regular polygon with 5 sides
<b>B1</b> Work out the size of an interior angle of a regular polygon with 9 sides	<b>B2</b> Each exterior angle of a regular polygon is $15^\circ$ . Work out the number of sides the polygon has.	<b>B3</b> Each interior angle of a regular polygon is $156^\circ$ . Work out the number of sides the polygon has.	<b>B4</b> Find the <b>sum</b> of the interior angles of a polygon with 7 sides
<b>C1</b> The size of each exterior angle of a regular polygon is $18^\circ$ . Work out the <b>sum</b> of the interior angles of the polygon.	<b>C2</b> The sum of the interior angles of a polygon is $2700^\circ$ . Work out the number of sides the polygon has.	<b>C3</b> The size of each interior angle of a regular polygon is $140^\circ$ bigger than the size of each exterior angle. Work out the number of sides the polygon has.	<b>C4</b> The size of each interior angle of a regular polygon is 11 times the size of each exterior angle. Work out the number of sides the polygon has.
<b>D1</b> The size of each interior angle of a regular polygon with $n$ sides is $144^\circ$ . Work out the size of each interior angle of a regular polygon with $2n$ sides.	<b>D2</b> An exterior angle of regular polygon <b>A</b> is $30^\circ$ bigger than an exterior angle of regular polygon <b>B</b> . Polygon <b>A</b> has 9 sides. Find the number of sides of polygon <b>B</b> .	<b>D3</b> An interior angle of regular polygon <b>C</b> is $10^\circ$ smaller than an interior angle of regular polygon <b>D</b> . Polygon <b>C</b> has 12 sides. Find the number of sides of polygon <b>D</b> .	<b>D4</b> The sum of the interior angles in polygon <b>E</b> is $900^\circ$ more than the sum of the interior angles in polygon <b>F</b> . The total number of sides of the two polygons is 25. How many sides in each polygon?



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<p><b>A1</b> Write down a formula that allows you to calculate the size of an exterior angle (<math>E</math>) of a regular polygon with <math>n</math> sides.</p> $E = \frac{360}{n}$	<p><b>A2</b> Write down a formula that relates the size of an exterior angle (<math>E</math>) and the size of an interior angle (<math>I</math>) of a polygon.</p> $I + E = 180$	<p><b>A3</b> Write down a formula that allows you to calculate the sum (<math>S</math>) of the interior angles in a regular polygon with <math>n</math> sides.</p> $Sum = (n - 2) \times 180$	<p><b>A4</b> Work out the size of an exterior angle of a regular polygon with 5 sides</p> $\frac{360}{5} = 72^\circ$
<p><b>B1</b> Work out the size of an interior angle of a regular polygon with 9 sides</p> $Ext. = \frac{360}{9} = 40$ $Int. = 180 - 40 = 140^\circ$	<p><b>B2</b> Each exterior angle of a regular polygon is <math>15^\circ</math>. Work out the number of sides the polygon has.</p> $n = \frac{360}{15} = 24$	<p><b>B3</b> Each interior angle of a regular polygon is <math>156^\circ</math>.</p> $Ext. = 180 - 156 = 24$ $n = \frac{360}{24} = 15$	<p><b>B4</b> Find the <b>sum</b> of the interior angles of a polygon with 7 sides</p> $Sum = (n - 2) \times 180 = 5 \times 180 = 900^\circ$
<p><b>C1</b> The size of each exterior angle of a regular polygon is <math>18^\circ</math>.</p> $n = \frac{360}{18} = 20$ $Sum = (20 - 2) \times 180 = 3240^\circ$	<p><b>C2</b> The sum of the interior angles of a polygon is <math>2700^\circ</math>.</p> $(n - 2) \times 180 = 2700$ $n - 2 = 15$ $n = 17$	<p><b>C3</b></p> $x + (x + 140) = 180$ $2x + 140 = 180$ $x = 20^\circ$ $n = \frac{360}{20} = 18$	<p><b>C4</b></p> $x + 11x = 180$ $12x = 180$ $x = 15$ $n = \frac{360}{15} = 24$
<p><b>D1</b></p> $n = \frac{360}{36} = 10$ $2n = 20$ $Ext. = \frac{360}{20} = 18$ $Int. = 162^\circ$	<p><b>D2</b></p> $E_A = \frac{360}{9} = 40^\circ$ $n_B = \frac{360}{10} = 36$ $\Rightarrow E_B = 10^\circ$	<p><b>D3</b></p> $E_C = \frac{360}{12} = 30$ $I_C = 150^\circ$ $I_D = 160^\circ$ $E_D = 20$ $n_D = \frac{360}{20} = 18$	<p><b>D4</b></p> $(n_E - 2) \times 180 = (n_F - 2) \times 180 + 900$ $n_E - n_F = 5$ $n_E + n_F = 25$ $n_E = 15 \quad n_F = 10$