



UPPER AND LOWER BOUNDS EXAM-TYPE QUESTIONS

Ref: G145. **1R1**

A1 Zoe weighs 62 kg, correct to the nearest kilogram. Write down the lower bound for Zoe's weight.	A2 The length of line $AB = 8.3$ cm, correct to 2 significant figures. Write down the upper bound for the length of AB .	A3 Anu weighs 83 kg, correct to the nearest <u>half</u> kilogram. Write down the upper bound for Anu's weight.	A4 The length of line $CD = 27$ cm, correct to the nearest 0.5 cm Write down the lower bound for the length of CD .
B1 Correct to the nearest millimetre, the length of a side of a regular hexagon is 3.6 cm Calculate the upper bound for the perimeter of the hexagon.	B2 The perimeter of a square is 24 cm, correct to the nearest half centimetre. Work out the lower bound for the length of a side.	B3 Correct to 1 significant figure, the area of a rectangle is 80 cm ² . Correct to 2 significant figures, the length of the rectangle is 12 cm. Calculate the upper bound for the width.	B4 Correct to 2 significant figures the area of a square is 230 cm ² . Calculate the lower bound for the perimeter of the square.
C1 x = 1.8 correct to 1 decimal place. Calculate the lower bound for the value of $4x + 1$	C2 Correct to 1 significant figure, a = 20 and $b = 5Work out the upper bound of5(a - b)$	C3 $x = p(q - r)$ p = 42, q = 24 and $r = 14$ all correct to 2 significant figures. Work out the lower bound for the value of x.	C4 Correct to 2 significant figures, w = 58, $x = 28$ and $y = 18Calculate the upper bound of\frac{w}{x-y}$
 D1 Jada has 100 litres of oil, correct to the nearest litre. The oil is poured into tins of volume 1.5 litres, correct to one decimal place. Calculate the upper bound for the number of tins that can be filled. 	D2 There are 300 sheets of paper in a pile, correct to the nearest 10 sheets. The height of the pile is 160 mm, correct to the nearest 10 mm. Calculate the upper bound for the thickness of one sheet.	D3 The distance to school is 2.8 km, correct to the nearest 0.1 km. Sam walks at a speed of 5 km/h, correct to the nearest km/h. Calculate the upper bound for the time Sam takes to walk to school.	D4 Correct to 2 decimal places, the volume of a solid cube is 42.88 cm ³ Calculate the lower bound for the surface area of the cube.





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A1	A2	A3	A4
Zoe weighs 62 kg, correct to the	The length of line $AB = 8.3$ cm,	Anu weighs 83 kg, correct to the	The length of line $CD = 27$ cm,
nearest kilogram.	correct to 2 significant figures.	nearest half kilogram.	correct to the nearest 0.5 cm
Write down the lower bound for	Write down the upper bound for the	Write down the upper bound for	Write down the lower bound for the
Zoe's weight.	length of AB .	Anu's weight.	length of CD .
61.5 kg	8.35 cm	83.25 kg	26.75 cm
B1Correct to the nearest millimetre, the length of a side of a regular hexagon is 3.6 cmCalculate the upper bound for the perimeter $6 \times 3.65 = 21.9 \text{ cm}$	B2 The perimeter of a square is 24 cm, correct to the nearest half centimetre. Work out the lower bound for the length of a side. $\frac{23.75}{4} = 5.94 \text{ cm}$	B3 Correct to 1 significant figure, the area of a rectangle is 80 cm ² . Correct to 2 significant figures, the length of the rectangle is 12 cm. Width _{UPPER} = $\frac{85}{11.5} = 7.39$ cm	B4 Correct to 2 significant figures the area of a square is 230 cm ² . Side _{LOWER} = $\sqrt{225} = 15$ Perimeter = $4 \times 15 = 60$ cm
C1 x = 1.8 correct to 1 decimal place. Calculate the lower bound for the value of $4x + 1$ $4 \times 1.75 + 1 = 8$	C2 Correct to 1 significant figure, a = 20 and $b = 5Work out the upper bound of5(a - b)5(25 - 4.5) = 102.5$	C3 $x = p(q - r)$ p = 42, q = 24 and $r = 14$ all correct to 2 significant figures. $X_{LOWER} = 41.5(23.5 - 14.5)$ = 373.5	C4 Correct to 2 significant figures, w = 58, x = 28 and y = 18 $\frac{W}{x - y}$ UPPER = $\frac{58.5}{27.5 - 18.5}$ = 6.5
D1 Jada has 100 litres of oil, correct	D2 There are 300 sheets of paper in	D3 The distance to school is 2.8 km,	D4 Correct to 2 decimal places, the
to the nearest litre.	a pile, correct to the nearest 10	correct to the nearest 0.1 km.	volume of a solid cube is 42.88 cm ³
The oil is poured into tins of volume	sheets.	Sam walks at a speed of 5 km/h,	Calculate the lower bound for the
1.5 litres, correct to one decimal	The height of the pile is 160 mm,	correct to the nearest km/h.	surface area of the cube.
place.	correct to the nearest 10 mm.	Time _{UPPER} = $\frac{2.85}{4.5}$ = 0,63 hours	Edge _{LOWER} = $\sqrt[3]{42.875} = 3.5$
Tins _{UPPER} = $\frac{100.5}{1.45} = 69.3 = \frac{69 \text{ full}}{\text{tins}}$	Thickness _{UPPER} = $\frac{165}{295}$ = 0.559 mm	= 38 minutes	SA _{LOWER} = $6 \times 3.5^2 = 73.5$ cm ²

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