## UPPER AND LOWER BOUNDS

## EXAM-TYPE QUESTIONS

| A1 <br> Zoe weighs 62 kg , correct to the nearest kilogram. <br> Write down the lower bound for Zoe's weight. | A2 <br> The length of line $A B=8.3 \mathrm{~cm}$, correct to 2 significant figures. <br> Write down the upper bound for the length of $A B$. | A3 <br> Anu weighs 83 kg , correct to the nearest half kilogram. <br> Write down the upper bound for Anu's weight. | A4 <br> The length of line $C D=27 \mathrm{~cm}$, correct to the nearest 0.5 cm Write down the lower bound for the length of $C D$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B1 <br> Correct to the nearest millimetre, the length of a side of a regular hexagon is 3.6 cm <br> Calculate the upper bound for the perimeter of the hexagon. | B2 <br> The perimeter of a square is 24 cm , correct to the nearest half centimetre. Work out the lower bound for the length of a side. | B3 <br> Correct to 1 significant figure, the area of a rectangle is $80 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. Correct to 2 significant figures, the length of the rectangle is 12 cm . Calculate the upper bound for the width. | B4 <br> Correct to 2 significant figures the area of a square is $230 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. <br> Calculate the lower bound for the perimeter of the square. |
| C1 $x=1.8$ correct to 1 decimal place. Calculate the lower bound for the value of $4 x+1$ | C2 <br> Correct to 1 significant figure, $a=20$ and $b=5$ <br> Work out the upper bound of $5(a-b)$ | C3 $\quad x=p(q-r)$ <br> $p=42, q=24$ and $r=14$ all correct to 2 significant figures. <br> Work out the lower bound for the value of $x$. | C4 <br> Correct to 2 significant figures, $w=58, x=28$ and $y=18$ <br> Calculate the upper bound of $\frac{w}{x-y}$ |
| D1 Jada has 100 litres of oil, correct to the nearest litre. <br> The oil is poured into tins of volume 1.5 litres, correct to one decimal place. <br> Calculate the upper bound for the number of tins that can be filled. | D2 There are 300 sheets of paper in a pile, correct to the nearest 10 sheets. <br> The height of the pile is 160 mm , correct to the nearest 10 mm . <br> Calculate the upper bound for the thickness of one sheet. | D3 The distance to school is 2.8 km , correct to the nearest 0.1 km . Sam walks at a speed of $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, correct to the nearest $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}$. Calculate the upper bound for the time Sam takes to walk to school. | D4 Correct to 2 decimal places, the volume of a solid cube is $42.88 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ Calculate the lower bound for the surface area of the cube. |

## UPPER AND LOWER BOUNDS

A1
Zoe weighs 62 kg , correct to the
nearest kilogram.
Write down the lower bound for
Zoe's weight. Zoe's weight.
61.5 kg

## B1

Correct to the nearest millimetre, the length of a side of a regular hexagon is 3.6 cm
Calculate the upper bound for the perimeter

$$
6 \times 3.65=21.9 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

## C1

$x=1.8$ correct to 1 decimal place. Calculate the lower bound for the value of $4 x+1$

$$
4 \times 1.75+1=8
$$

D1 Jada has 100 litres of oil, correct to the nearest litre.
The oil is poured into tins of volume 1.5 litres, correct to one decimal place.
Tins $_{\text {UPPER }}=\frac{100.5}{1.45}=69.3=\begin{array}{r}69 \text { full } \\ \text { tins }\end{array}$

## A2

The length of line $A B=8.3 \mathrm{~cm}$, correct to 2 significant figures.
Write down the upper bound for the length of $A B$.

## B2

The perimeter of a square is 24 cm , correct to the nearest half centimetre. Work out the lower bound for the length of a side.

$$
\frac{23.75}{4}=5.94 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

## C2

Correct to 1 significant figure, $a=20$ and $b=5$
Work out the upper bound of

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 5(a-b) \\
& 5(25-4.5)=102.5
\end{aligned}
$$

D2 There are 300 sheets of paper in a pile, correct to the nearest 10 sheets.
The height of the pile is 160 mm , correct to the nearest 10 mm .
Thickness $_{\text {UPPER }}=\frac{165}{295}=0.559 \mathrm{~mm}$

A3 $\quad$ A4
Anu weighs 83 kg , correct to the nearest half kilogram.
Write down the upper bound for Anu's weight.

B3
Correct to 1 significant figure, the area of a rectangle is $80 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$.
Correct to 2 significant figures, the length of the rectangle is 12 cm .
Width $_{\text {UPPER }}=\frac{85}{11.5}=7.39 \mathrm{~cm}$

## C3

$p=42, q=24$ and $r=14$ all correct
to 2 significant figures.

$$
\begin{aligned}
x_{\text {LOWER }} & =41.5(23.5-14.5) \\
& =373.5
\end{aligned}
$$

D3 The distance to school is 2.8 km , correct to the nearest 0.1 km .
Sam walks at a speed of $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$, correct to the nearest $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\operatorname{Time}_{\text {UPPER }}=\frac{2.85}{4.5} & =0,6 \dot{3} \text { hours } \\
& =38 \text { minutes }
\end{aligned}
$$

The length of line $C D=27 \mathrm{~cm}$, correct to the nearest 0.5 cm
Write down the lower bound for the length of $C D$.
26.75 cm

B4
Correct to 2 significant figures the area of a square is $230 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$.

$$
\text { Side }_{\text {LOWER }}=\sqrt{225}=15
$$

$$
\text { Perimeter }=4 \times 15=60 \mathrm{~cm}
$$

## C4

Correct to 2 significant figures, $w=58, x=28$ and $y=18$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{w}{x-y} \text { UPPER } & =\frac{58.5}{27.5-18.5} \\
& =6.5
\end{aligned}
$$

D4 Correct to 2 decimal places, the volume of a solid cube is $42.88 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ Calculate the lower bound for the surface area of the cube.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Edge }_{\text {LOWER }} & =\sqrt[3]{42.875}=3.5 \\
\text { S. }_{\text {LOWER }} & =6 \times 3.5^{2}=73.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

